



February 2025 nucleusfinancial.com

Tapered annual allowance

Introduction

The annual allowance is set at £60,000 for the 2024-25 tax year, which is the maximum an individual can pay into a pension and receive tax relief (subject to earned income). If contributions are over this limit, there will be a charge on the excess.

For very high earners the annual allowance will be lower than £60,000. The tapered annual allowance was introduced from April 2016 to reduce the tax benefits available to those with earnings of over £150,000.

What is the tapered annual allowance?

For higher earners, their annual allowance of £60,000 will be reduced by £1 for every £2 of income above £260,000 (subject to a minimum of £10,000 annual allowance).

(If the individual has flexibly accessed their benefits then different rules apply – see overleaf.)

Earnings	Allowance
£250,000	£60,000
£260,000	£60,000
£270,000	£55,000
£280,000	£50,000
£290,000	£45,000
£300,000	£40,000
£310,000	£35,000
£320,000	£30,000
£330,000	£25,000
£340,000	£20,000
£350,000	£15,000
£360,000	£10,000

Who does the tapered annual allowance apply to?

For the tapered annual allowance to apply, an individual has to have both an 'adjusted income' of over £260,000 and a 'threshold income' of over £200,000.

Broadly, the adjusted income and threshold income are defined as:

Adjusted income of over £260,000 - Total income (earnings and investment) subject to tax	Threshold income of over £200,000 – Total income (earnings and investment) subject to tax
• Add in member contributions	 Deduct any gross member contributions paid (whether relief at source or net payment)
• Add in value of any employer pension contribution	• Add in any employment income given up under salary sacrifice if set up from 9 July 2015
 Deduct contributions paid under relief at source 	 Deduct value of any taxed lump sum death benefits received
 Deduct value of any taxed lump sum death benefits received 	lgnore any employer contributions

Examples

Example – Hassan

Hassan has an annual salary of £270,000, and employer pension contributions of £16,000.

His adjusted income is £286,000 (£270,000 + £16,000)

This is £26,000 over £260,000.

His annual allowance will be reduced by £1 for every £2 of income above £260,000. So his tapered annual allowance is £60,000 - £13,000 = £47,000.

Example - Erica

Erica has an annual salary of £190,000, and pays a personal pension contribution of £80,000 using carry forward.

Her adjusted income is £270,000 (£190,000 + £80,000)

But her threshold income is £190,000 so no tapering applies.

Shaping the taper

The extent (if any) to which the annual allowance will be tapered is only decided at the end of the tax year. This is because the calculation depends upon the individual's taxable income in the tax year, as well as other factors.

This can cause problems for the individual as they might not be aware until the very end of the tax year that their annual allowance will be tapered. For example, they may be self-employed or may receive a bonus paid at the end of March which will increase their adjusted and threshold incomes. As a result, their annual allowance may be tapered, but they may find they have exceeded the tapered annual allowance through contributions already paid, meaning they'll be taxed at their marginal rate on the excess.

However, individuals might have the chance to shape their tapered annual allowance. They could pay (further) personal contributions before the end of the tax year to reduce their threshold income and possibly avoid their annual allowance being tapered.

Carry forward

Individuals who have a tapered annual allowance can carry forward any unused annual allowance from the previous three years (as long as they were making pension contributions or a member of an employer-sponsored pension scheme for those years).

If you only read one thing

- The annual allowance is reduced for those with an adjusted income of over £260,000 and a threshold income of over £200,000.
- Adjusted income is total income subject to tax, plus the value of any employer pension contributions.
- Threshold income is total income subject to tax. Deduct any member pension contributions, but add in any salary sacrificed employment income entered into after 9 July 2015.
- The annual allowance of £60,000 will be reduced by £1 for every £2 of income above £260,000 (subject to a minimum of £10,000 annual allowance).

